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SYSTEM III BRUSH CLEANER Material Safety Data Sheet



SECTION I - PRODUCT INDENTIFICATION

Product Name: System III Brush Cleaner

Date Prepared: 10/01/86

Name of Preparer: R. Eric Montgomery

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name: Acetone CAS Numbers: 67-64-1

Exposure Limits:ACGIH TLV - 750 ppm; OSHA PEL 1000 ppm Chemical Name:Denatured Alcohol (Contains methanol and methyl

isobutyl ketone as denaturants)
CAS Numbers: Mixture

Exposure Limits: ACGIH TLV - 1000 ppm; OSHA PEL 1000 ppm.

SECTION III - PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Density (air=1):2.0

Specific Gravity: 0.835

Solubility in Water:Complete

Vapor Pressure, medig at 20 Degrees C266

Melting Point (Degrees Fahrenheit):169

Boiling Point (Degrees Fahrenheit):133

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):14.48

Appearance and Odor:Clear, colorless liquid; fragrant mint-like odor

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION

Flash Point (Fahrenheit) and Method1.4 (Tag closed cup)
Flammable Limits in Air, Volume %Lower: 2.6; Upper: 12.8
Fire Extinguishing MaterialsFoam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

Symptoms of Overexposure:

Inhaled: Irritation of mucous membranes, headache, nausea, dizziness and narcosis can result from excessive exposure to vapors.

Contact with Skin or Eyes Eye irritation is irritation and may be damaging.

Absorbed Through Skin:Not expected to cause systemic injury. Swallowed: Mucous membrane and gastrointestinal irritation. Health Effects from Overexposure:

Accute:Oral, dog: LD=24 g/kg; Dermal, rabbit:LD=20 gm/kg; Human

TClo: 500 ppm TFX:EYE Chronic: None known

First Aid - Emergency Procedures:

Eye Contact: Flush eyes promptly with large amounts of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact: Promptly wash contaminated skin with soap or mild detergent and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Inhaled: Remove to fresh air. Restore and/or support breathing if required. If effects are more severe than a headache, contact a physician.

Swallowed: Give water to dilute. Induce vomiting and contact a physician.

IN ALL OF THE ABOVE EMERGENCY CASES, CALL A PHYSICIAN.
Suspected Cancer Agent:No

Medical Conditions Aggravated by ExposureMone Known. This products ingredients are not found in the following lists: OSHA, NTP, IARC.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Incompatibility: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products:None

Hazardous Polymerization:Will not occur

Conditions to Avoid:Heat - Brush cleaner is a highly flammable material. Oxidation and deficiency of air can produce carbon monoxide.

SECTION VII - SPILL, LEAK, AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

Spill Reponse Procedures: Provide maximum explosion proof ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Flush with water spray to clear area of brush cleaner (flush to open ground, NOT to drains, sewers, or surface water cources), or dilute with water and pick up with non-sparking tools for disposal.

Preparing Wastes for Disposal:Incineration is a recommended method to dispose of scrap brush cleaner. When amounts warant it, consider reclaiming by distillation.

Note: Dispose of all wastes in accordance with Federal, State, and Local Regulations.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION

Ventilation and Engineering ControlsTo meet TLV requirements Respiratory Protection:For non-routine or emergency exposure above the TLV, use NIOSH or OSHA approved full facepiece gas mask with organic vapor canister, or air-supplied respirator in accordance with conditions.

Eye Protection: Safety Glasses Gloves: Polyvinyl acetate gloves

Other handling and storage requirements tore in a cool, clean, well-ventilated fireproof storage room or cabinet to meet OSHA requirements. Sprinkler fire protection is needed in areas of storage, handling, and use. Store in drums or safety cans with identifying labels which indicate the flammability of the material. Brush cleaner must be stored and handled away from heat. No smoking in storage or use areas. Prevent container damage. Electrically interconnect and ground containers for all transfers of brush cleaner to avoid fores from static sparks. An eyewash station and safety shower should be available near the workplace where splashing is possible.